

Feuille d'exercices numéro 4

Systèmes différentiels

Dans la question 1, lorsque les valeurs propres ne sont pas réelles, les solutions $X(t)$ dépendent de 4 constantes c_1, \dots, c_4 qui doivent vérifier certaines relations. L'énoncé ne demande pas de les déterminer, mais on le fait dans ce corrigé.

1. (a) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 5z + 6$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 3, \lambda_2 = 2; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2 > 0$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2c_1 e^{3t} - c_2 e^{2t} \\ c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 e^{2t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (b) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 3z + 2$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 2, \lambda_2 = 1; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2 > 0$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2c_1 e^{2t} - 3c_2 e^t \\ c_1 e^{2t} + c_2 e^t \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (c) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 3z - 4$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 4, \lambda_2 = -1; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > 0 > \lambda_2$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2c_1 e^{4t} - c_2 e^{-t} \\ 3c_1 e^{4t} + c_2 e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (d) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 1$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = -1; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > 0 > \lambda_2$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^t + c_2 e^{-t} \\ 2c_1 e^t + 3c_2 e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (e) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 8z + 15$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 5, \lambda_2 = 3; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2 > 0$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3c_1 e^{5t} + 2c_2 e^{3t} \\ 2c_1 e^{5t} + c_2 e^{3t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)

- (f) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 + z - 6$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 2, \lambda_2 = -3; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > 0 > \lambda_2$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^{2t} + c_2 e^{-3t} \\ c_1 e^{2t} + 6c_2 e^{-3t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (g) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 + 2z$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = -2; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $0 = \lambda_1 > \lambda_2$
 $X(t) = c_1 V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -3c_1 - 2c_2 e^{-2t} \\ c_1 + c_2 e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (h) $\chi_A(z) = (z + 2)^2$ $\Delta = 0$
 $\lambda = -2; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\dim(E_\lambda(A)) = 2$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda t} V_1 + c_2 e^{\lambda t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^{-2t} \\ c_2 e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (i) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 2z + 1$ $\Delta = 0$
 $\lambda = 1; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\dim(E_\lambda(A)) = 1$
 $V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ et $(A - \lambda I_2)V_2 = 2V_1$
 $X(t) = (c_1 t + c_2) e^{\lambda t} V_1 + \frac{c_1}{2} e^{\lambda t} V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} (c_1 t + c_1/2 + c_2) e^t \\ (c_1 t - c_1/2 + c_2) e^t \end{bmatrix}$
 (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
 Un autre choix possible est $V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, qui donne $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} (c_1 t + c_1 + c_2) e^t \\ (c_1 t + c_2) e^t \end{bmatrix}$
- (j) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - z$ $\Delta > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = 0; V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2 = 0$
 $X(t) = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} V_1 + c_2 V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^t + 2c_2 \\ 2c_1 e^t + 3c_2 \end{bmatrix}$ (avec $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)
- (k) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 2z + 4$ $\Delta < 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 1 + i\sqrt{3}, \lambda_2 = 1 - i\sqrt{3}; \alpha = 1$ et $\beta = \sqrt{3}$ $\alpha > 0$
 $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{\alpha t} (c_1 \cos(\beta t) + c_3 \sin(\beta t)) \\ e^{\alpha t} (c_2 \cos(\beta t) + c_4 \sin(\beta t)) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (c_1 \cos(\sqrt{3}t) + c_2 \sin(\sqrt{3}t)) \\ e^t (c_2 \cos(\sqrt{3}t) - c_1 \sin(\sqrt{3}t)) \end{bmatrix}$

(avec $c_3 = c_2, c_4 = -c_1$ et $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)

(ℓ) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 + 1$ $\Delta < 0$
 $\alpha = 0$
 $\lambda_1 = i, \lambda_2 = -i; \alpha = 0$ et $\beta = 1$

$$X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(\beta t) + c_3 \sin(\beta t) \\ c_2 \cos(\beta t) + c_4 \sin(\beta t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(t) + (-2c_1 + 5c_2) \sin(t) \\ c_2 \cos(t) + (-c_1 + 2c_2) \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

(avec $c_3 = -2c_1 + 5c_2, c_4 = -c_1 + 2c_2$ et $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)

(m) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 2z + 3$ $\Delta < 0$
 $\alpha > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 1 + i\sqrt{2}, \lambda_2 = 1 - i\sqrt{2}; \alpha = 1$ et $\beta = \sqrt{2}$

$$X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{\alpha t} (c_1 \cos(\beta t) + c_3 \sin(\beta t)) \\ e^{\alpha t} (c_2 \cos(\beta t) + c_4 \sin(\beta t)) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (c_1 \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + \sqrt{2}c_2 \sin(\sqrt{2}t)) \\ e^t (c_2 \cos(\sqrt{2}t) - c_1 \sin(\sqrt{2}t)/\sqrt{2}) \end{bmatrix}$$

(avec $c_3 = \sqrt{2}c_2, c_4 = -c_1/\sqrt{2}$ et $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)

(n) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 - 2z + 4$ $\Delta < 0$
 $\alpha > 0$
 $\lambda_1 = 1 + i\sqrt{3}, \lambda_2 = 1 - i\sqrt{3}; \alpha = 1$ et $\beta = \sqrt{3}$

$$X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{\alpha t} (c_1 \cos(\beta t) + c_3 \sin(\beta t)) \\ e^{\alpha t} (c_2 \cos(\beta t) + c_4 \sin(\beta t)) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (c_1 \cos(\sqrt{3}t) + (c_1 + 2c_2) \sin(\sqrt{3}t)/\sqrt{3}) \\ e^t (c_2 \cos(\sqrt{3}t) - (2c_1 + c_2) \sin(\sqrt{3}t)/\sqrt{3}) \end{bmatrix}$$

(avec $c_3 = (c_1 + 2c_2)/\sqrt{3}, c_4 = -(2c_1 + c_2)/\sqrt{3}$ et $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)

(o) $\chi_A(z) = z^2 + 1$ $\Delta < 0$
 $\alpha = 0$
 $\lambda_1 = i, \lambda_2 = -i; \alpha = 0$ et $\beta = 1$

$$X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(\beta t) + c_3 \sin(\beta t) \\ c_2 \cos(\beta t) + c_4 \sin(\beta t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \cos(t) - c_2 \sin(t) \\ c_2 \cos(t) + c_1 \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

(avec $c_3 = -c_2, c_4 = c_1$ et $c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$)

4. (a) $c_1 = 0, c_2 = -1$ (i) $c_1 = 2, c_2 = 0$
 (b) $c_1 = -2, c_2 = 1$ (j) $c_1 = -5, c_2 = 3$
 (c) $c_1 = 0, c_2 = -1$ (k) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -1$
 (d) $c_1 = 4, c_2 = -3$ (l) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -1$
 (e) $c_1 = -3, c_2 = 5$ (m) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -1$
 (f) $c_1 = 7/5, c_2 = -2/5$ (n) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -1$
 (g) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -2$ (o) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -1$
 (h) $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -1$

Pour (i), le choix alternatif $V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ donne $c_1 = 2, c_2 = -1$.

5. (a) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{2t} \\ -e^{2t} \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{2t} \\ -2e^{2t} \end{bmatrix}$
 $X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.135335 \\ -0.135335 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.270671 \\ -0.270671 \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 7.389056 \\ -7.389056 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 14.778112 \\ -14.778112 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 4e^{2t} - 3e^t \\ -2e^{2t} + e^t \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 8e^{2t} - 3e^t \\ -4e^{2t} + e^t \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.562297 \\ 0.0972089 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.0209561 \\ -0.173462 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 21.4014 \\ -12.0598 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 50.9576 \\ -26.8379 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-t} \\ -e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -e^{-t} \\ e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 2.71828 \\ -2.71828 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -2.71828 \\ 2.71828 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.367879 \\ -0.367879 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.367879 \\ 0.367879 \end{bmatrix}$$

(d) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 4e^t - 3e^{-t} \\ 8e^t - 9e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 4e^t + 3e^{-t} \\ 8e^t + 9e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -6.68333 \\ -21.5215 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 9.62636 \\ 27.4076 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 9.76949 \\ 18.4353 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 11.9768 \\ 25.0572 \end{bmatrix}$$

(e) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -9 e^{5t} + 10 e^{3t} \\ -6 e^{5t} + 5 e^{3t} \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -45 e^{5t} + 30 e^{3t} \\ -30 e^{5t} + 15 e^{3t} \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.437229 \\ 0.208508 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1.1904 \\ 0.544668 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -15 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -1134.86 \\ -790.051 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -6076.03 \\ -4151.11 \end{bmatrix}$$

(f) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 7 e^{2t}/5 - 2 e^{-3t}/5 \\ 7 e^{2t}/5 - 12 e^{-3t}/5 \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 14 e^{2t}/5 + 6 e^{-3t}/5 \\ 14 e^{2t}/5 + 36 e^{-3t}/5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -7.84475 \\ -48.0158 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 24.4816 \\ 144.995 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 10.3248 \\ 10.2252 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 20.7491 \\ 21.0478 \end{bmatrix}$$

(g) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -3 + 4 e^{-2t} \\ 1 - 2 e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -8 e^{-2t} \\ 4 e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 26.5562 \\ -13.7781 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -59.1124 \\ 29.5562 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -2.45866 \\ 0.541341 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -1.08268 \\ 0.729329 \end{bmatrix}$$

(h) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-2t} \\ -e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -2 e^{-2t} \\ 2 e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 7.38906 \\ -7.38906 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -14.7781 \\ 14.7781 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.135335 \\ -0.135335 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.270671 \\ 0.270671 \end{bmatrix}$$

(i) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} (2t+1) e^t \\ (2t-1) e^t \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} (2t+3) e^t \\ (2t+1) e^t \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.367879 \\ -1.10364 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.367879 \\ -0.367879 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 8.15485 \\ 2.71828 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 13.5914 \\ 8.15485 \end{bmatrix}$$

(j) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -5 e^t + 6 \\ -10 e^t + 9 \end{bmatrix}; X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -5 e^t \\ -10 e^t \end{bmatrix}$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 4.1606 \\ 5.32121 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -1.8394 \\ -3.67879 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -7.59141 \\ -18.1828 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -13.5914 \\ -27.1828 \end{bmatrix}$$

(k) $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (\cos(\sqrt{3}t) - \sin(\sqrt{3}t)) \\ -e^t (\cos(\sqrt{3}t) + \sin(\sqrt{3}t)) \end{bmatrix};$

$$X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^t ((1 - \sqrt{3}) \cos(\sqrt{3}t) - (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sin(\sqrt{3}t)) \\ e^t (-(1 + \sqrt{3}) \cos(\sqrt{3}t) - (1 - \sqrt{3}) \sin(\sqrt{3}t)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.304041 \\ 0.422172 \end{bmatrix}, X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1.03527 \\ -0.104443 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, X'(0) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.732051 \\ -2.73205 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -3.11945 \\ -2.24658 \end{bmatrix}, X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -7.01064 \\ 3.15648 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\ell) \quad X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(t) - 7 \sin(t) \\ -\cos(t) - 3 \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}; \quad X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \cos(t) - \sin(t) \\ -3 \cos(t) + \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 6.4306 \\ 1.98411 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -2.94065 \\ -2.46238 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -5.34999 \\ -3.06472 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -4.62359 \\ -0.779436 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(m) \quad X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - \sqrt{2} \sin(\sqrt{2}t)) \\ e^t (-\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - \sin(\sqrt{2}t)/\sqrt{2}) \end{bmatrix};$$

$$X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (-\cos(\sqrt{2}t) - 2\sqrt{2} \sin(\sqrt{2}t)) \\ e^t (-2 \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + \sin(\sqrt{2}t)/\sqrt{2}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.571264 \\ 0.199579 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.970422 \\ -0.371685 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -3.3733 \\ 0.199579 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -8.0183 \\ 1.0508 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(n) \quad X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^t (\cos(\sqrt{3}t) - \sin(\sqrt{3}t)/\sqrt{3}) \\ e^t (-\cos(\sqrt{3}t) - \sin(\sqrt{3}t)/\sqrt{3}) \end{bmatrix};$$

$$X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -4 e^t \sin(\sqrt{3}t)/\sqrt{3} \\ e^t (-2 \cos(\sqrt{3}t) + 2 \sin(\sqrt{3}t)/\sqrt{3}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.150574 \\ 0.268705 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.838559 \\ -0.301149 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -1.98548 \\ -1.1126 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -6.19616 \\ 3.97096 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(o) \quad X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(t) + \sin(t) \\ -\cos(t) + \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}; \quad X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(t) - \sin(t) \\ \cos(t) + \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.301169 \\ -1.38177 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(-1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1.38177 \\ -0.301169 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1.38177 \\ 0.301169 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X'(1) \approx \begin{bmatrix} -0.301169 \\ 1.38177 \end{bmatrix}$$