

③ Liens splines \leftrightarrow noyaux

1- $W_2 = \{f: (0,1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f' \text{ abs. continue et } \int_0^1 (f'')^2 < +\infty, f(0)=f(1), f'(0)=f'(1)\}$
 $= \{f = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} b_j \varphi_j \text{ o\u00f9 } \sum_{j \geq 1} a_j^2 b_j^2 < +\infty\}$ o\u00f9 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi_j(x) = \sqrt{2} \cos(\pi j x) \quad j \text{ pair} \\ \varphi_j(x) = \sqrt{2} \sin(\pi(j-1)x) \quad j \text{ impair} \\ = 1 \quad j=1. \end{array} \right.$

$\int (f'')^2 = \int (\sum_j b_j \varphi_j'')^2 = \int (\sum_j b_j \pi^2 a_j \varphi_j)^2$
 $= \pi^4 \sum_{j,k} b_j b_k a_j a_k \underbrace{\int \varphi_j \varphi_k}_{\delta_{jk}} = \pi^4 \sum_{j \geq 1} b_j^2 a_j^2$

donc $\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (Y_i - f(x_i))^2 + \lambda \int_0^1 (f'')^2 = \frac{1}{m} \|Y\|^2 - \frac{2}{m} \sum_i Y_i \sum_{j \geq 1} b_j \varphi_j(x_i) + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i (\sum_{j \geq 1} b_j \varphi_j(x_i))^2 + \lambda \pi^4 \sum_{j \geq 1} b_j^2 a_j^2$
 $= \frac{1}{m} \|Y\|^2 + \sum_{j \geq 1} \left(-2 b_j \times \frac{1}{m} \sum_i Y_i \varphi_j(x_i) + \lambda \pi^4 b_j^2 a_j^2 \right) + \underbrace{\sum_{j,k} b_j b_k \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \varphi_j(x_i) \varphi_k(x_i)}_{(I)}$

(I) = $\sum_{\substack{j,k \leq m \\ j \neq k}} + \sum_{j=k} + 2 \sum_{\substack{j \geq m \\ j+k}}$

$= 0 + \sum_{j \geq 1} b_j^2 + R_m$ o\u00f9 $|R_m| \leq 2 \sum_{j \geq m} \sum_{k \geq 1} |b_j| |b_k|$ car $|\frac{1}{m} \sum_i \varphi_j(x_i) \varphi_k(x_i)| \leq 1$
 $\leq 2 \sqrt{\sum_{k \geq 1} b_k^2 a_k^2 \sum_{k \geq 1} \frac{1}{a_k^2}} \sqrt{\sum_{j \geq m} b_j^2 a_j^2 \sum_{j \geq m} \frac{1}{a_j^2}}$
 $\leq C \left(\sum_{k \geq 1} a_k^2 b_k^2 \right) \times \frac{1}{m^{3/2}}$

donc

(1) $\Leftrightarrow \min_{b_j} \sum_{j \geq 1} \left(-2 b_j \hat{\theta}_j + b_j^2 (\lambda \pi^4 a_j^2 + 1) \right) (1 + O(1/m))$

2- si $O(1/m) = 0$: $b_j = \frac{\hat{\theta}_j}{1 + \lambda \pi^4 a_j^2}$ et $\tilde{f}(x) = \sum_{j \geq 1} d_j \hat{\theta}_j \varphi_j(x)$ o\u00f9 $d_j = \frac{1}{1 + \lambda \pi^4 a_j^2}$

3- $\tilde{f}(x) = \sum_{j \geq 1} d_j \hat{\theta}_j \varphi_j(x) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m Y_i \underbrace{\left(\sum_{j \geq 1} d_j \varphi_j(x_i) \varphi_j(x) \right)}_{\approx \frac{1}{h} K\left(\frac{x_i - x}{h}\right)}$

$\mathcal{F}[K](\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + \omega^4}$

donc $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{h} K\left(\frac{x_i - x}{h}\right) e^{i 2\pi k x} dx = \int_0^{1/h} K\left(\frac{x_i}{h} - y\right) e^{i 2\pi k h y} dy \approx \mathcal{F}[K\left[\frac{x_i}{h} - y\right]](\frac{2\pi k h}{h})$
 $\approx \frac{e^{i(2\pi k h) x_i/h}}{1 + (\frac{2\pi k h}{h})^4} = \frac{1}{1 + (\pi j h)^4}$

Re+Im: $\langle \frac{1}{h} K\left(\frac{x_i - \cdot}{h}\right), \varphi_j \rangle \approx \sqrt{2} \times \frac{\varphi_j(x_i)}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{1 + (\pi j h)^4} = \frac{1}{1 + \pi^4 a_j^2 h^4}$