Exercice 1. Write the details of the proof of Prop. 7.7 from the notes.

Exercice 2. Write the details of the proof of Thm. 7.9 from the notes.

**Exercice 3.** Formulate the conditions for a pair  $\lambda_{\pm} \in L_{\rm h}(\mathcal{Y}, \mathcal{Y}^*)$  to be the complex covariances of a pure gauge invariant state in the fermionic case.

**Exercice 4.** Let  $\phi_1, \ldots, \phi_n \in B(\mathcal{H})$  for a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ . Abusing the language one says that  $\{\phi_1, \ldots, \phi_n\}$  is a CAR representation over  $\mathbb{R}^n$  if  $\phi_i = \phi_i^*$  and  $[\phi_i, \phi_j]_+ = 2\delta_{ij}\mathbb{1}$ .

1) Check that then  $\mathbb{R}^n \ni x \mapsto \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \phi_i$  is a representation of  $CAR(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , where we equip  $\mathbb{R}^n$  with its canonical euclidean structure.

2) We recall the Pauli matrices:

$$\sigma_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \sigma_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \sigma_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Check that  $\{\sigma_1, \sigma_2\}$  is a CAR representation over  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , and  $\{\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3\}$  is a CAR representation over  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

3) Let  $\{\phi_1, \phi_2\}$  a CAR representation over  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $I := i\phi_1\phi_2$ . Show that  $I^2 = \mathbb{1}$ ,  $I = I^*$  and  $I \neq \mathbb{1}$ . Let  $\mathcal{K} = \text{Ker}(I - \mathbb{1})$ . Show that the map

$$\mathcal{H} \ni \Psi \mapsto U\Psi := (\frac{1}{2}(\phi_1 - \phi_1 I)\Psi, \frac{1}{2}(\mathbb{1} + I)\Psi) \in \mathcal{K} \oplus \mathcal{K} \sim \mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathcal{K}$$

is unitary.

4) Show that  $U\phi_1 U^{-1} = \sigma_1 \otimes \mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{K}}$  and  $U\phi_2 U^{-1} = \sigma_2 \otimes \mathbb{1}_{\mathcal{K}}$ .

**Exercice 5.** (Jordan-Wigner representation)

1) On 
$$B(\otimes^m \mathbb{C}^2)$$
 we set:  
 $\sigma_i^{(j)} := \mathbb{1}^{\otimes (j-1)} \otimes \sigma_i \otimes \mathbb{1}^{\otimes (m-j)}, \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \quad j = 1, \dots, m$ 

We set also  $I_0 := \mathbb{1}, I_j := \sigma_3^{(1)} \cdots \sigma_3^{(j)}$  for  $j = 1, \dots, m$ . Let now:

(0.1) 
$$\phi_{2j-1}^{\text{JW}} := I_{j-1}\sigma_1^{(j)}, \ \phi_{2j}^{\text{JW}} := I_{j-1}\sigma_2^{(j)}, \ j = 1, \dots, m$$

Prove that  $\{\phi_1^{\text{JW}}, \ldots, \phi_{2m}^{\text{JW}}\}$  is a CAR representation over  $\mathbb{R}^{2m}$ , called the Jordan-Wigner representation.

- 2) Prove that  $\{\phi_1^{\text{JW}}, \ldots, \phi_{2m}^{\text{JW}}, \pm I_m\}$  are two CAR representations over  $\mathbb{R}^{2m+1}$ .
- 3) Prove that these two representations are not equivalent.