

ANTISYMPLECTIC INVOLUTIONS

ON PROJECTIVE HYPERKÄHLER MANIFOLDS

work in progress with

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1. Main Thm

(X, λ)

X : smooth proj HK manifold

$$\dim X = 2g, \quad g \geq 1$$

$K_3^{[g]}$ -type

with
BBF form

λ : prim. polariz., $\lambda^2 = 2$

(Recall: $\text{div}(\lambda) := 1, 2$ gen. of the ideal

$$\lambda, H^2(X, \mathbb{Z}) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$$

$$g_\lambda(n) = -n + (\lambda \cdot n) \lambda \quad \text{on } H^2(X, \mathbb{Z})$$

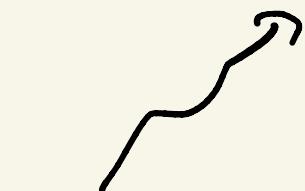
Torelli Thm
+
Monodromy Thm $\Rightarrow \exists \tau \in \text{Aut}(X)$, $\tau^2 = \text{id}$, $\tau_* = g_\lambda$
antisympl.

Main Thm (1) The number of conn. components
of $\text{Fix}(\gamma)$ is equal to $\text{div}(\lambda)$.
(2) If $\text{div}(\lambda) = 2$, then one conn. comp. is
Fano manifold of dim g and index 3.

2. Questions / Conjectures

$\text{div}(\lambda) = 1$: $\Sigma := \text{Fix}(\tau)$ imod.

- Σ gen. type
- $m \cdot \Sigma$ covering family of Lagrangian cycles (O'grady) of X .



Ex $g = 2$ $m > 0$

(O'grady, Fornetti)

div(λ)=2 : $\text{Fix}(\gamma) = Y \amalg \tilde{Y}$

- Y Fano[✓], index 3[✓]
- $g(Y) = 1$? \leftarrow OK, if $g=4, 8$
- $h^{3,1}(Y) = 1$?
- \tilde{Y} gen. type ?
- $m\tilde{Y}$ cov. family of lags. cycles
 $m > 0$.

$$\text{Comj } \mathcal{D}Y = < \mathcal{D}^{[h]}, h = g/4$$

K3
category

$$\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{D}, \dots, \mathcal{D}^{[h-1]} \sim \mathcal{D}^{[n]} \quad \text{analogue of der. cat. of Hilb}^R K_3$$

$$\mathcal{D}(1), \mathcal{D}(1), \dots, \mathcal{D}^{[h-1]}(1),$$

$$\mathcal{D}(2), \mathcal{D}(2), \dots, \mathcal{D}^{[h-1]}(2) >$$

- $\exists \sigma \in \text{Stab}(\mathcal{D})$ st. $(X, \lambda) \cong (M_\sigma(\underline{\sigma}), \ell_\sigma)$?

Ex 1

γ cubic 4 fold.

$X = \text{LLSvS} \quad \text{HK8} \quad \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}^2 \dashrightarrow}, \text{Gr}(4,6)$

λ = Plücker pol. $\lambda^2 = 2$, $\text{div}(\lambda) = 2$.

τ = inv. on twisted cubics

$\text{Fix}(\tau) = \gamma \sqcup \tilde{\gamma}$

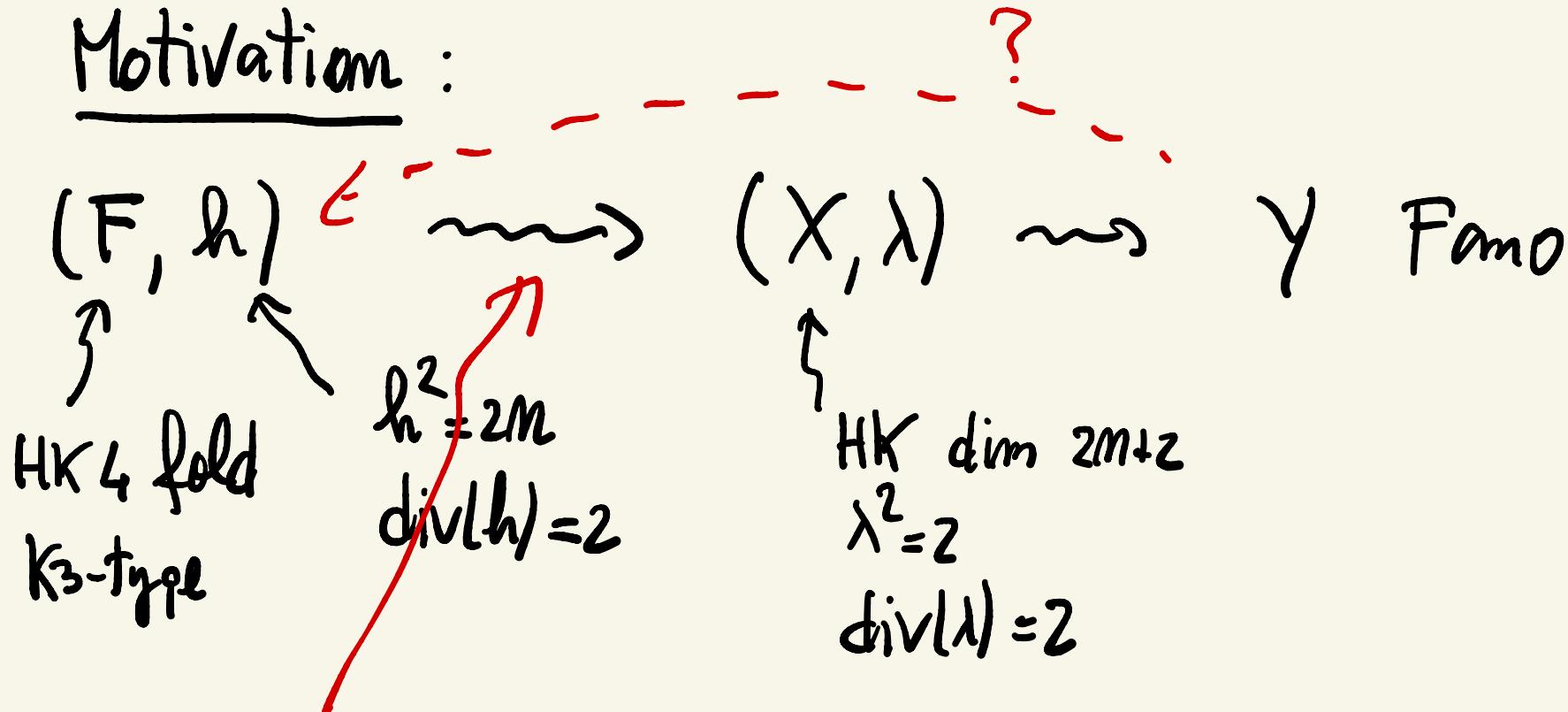
$\overbrace{\gamma}^{\text{cubic 4 fold}}$

$$D^b Y = \langle \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{O}_Y, \mathcal{O}_Y(1), \mathcal{O}_Y(2) \rangle$$

↑
K3 categ.

- $\exists \alpha \in \text{Stab}(\mathcal{D}) \quad [\text{BLMS}]$
- $(X, \lambda) \cong (M_g(\Sigma), \rho_\alpha) \quad [\text{Li-Putrov-Zhao}]$.

Motivation :



$$H^2(F, \mathbb{Z})_h \cong H^2(X, \mathbb{Z})_\lambda$$

Ex 2

V_6 v.s.p. of dim 6

$A \subseteq \Lambda^3 V_6$ Lagr. subsp.

↑
dim 10

$\gamma_A := \{[v] \in PV_6 : A \xrightarrow{\Phi_v} \Lambda^4 V_6 \text{ has non-zero kernel}\}$
 $d \mapsto \sigma \wedge d$

$\subseteq PV_6$ sextic hypersurface

$$\text{sing}(Y_A) =: \mathcal{E}_A \quad \begin{matrix} \text{irred. sm. surface} \\ \text{of gen. type.} \end{matrix}$$

$$\exists X_A \xrightarrow{\begin{smallmatrix} 2-1 \\ f \end{smallmatrix}} Y_A \quad \text{ramif. at } \Sigma_A$$

X_A HK4 , K₃-type

$$\lambda_A := f^* \mathcal{O}_{PV_6}(1) \quad \lambda^2 = 2 \quad , \quad \text{div}(\lambda) = 1 .$$

$$\sim (X_A, \lambda_A) \quad (g=2)$$

$$\text{Fix}(x_A) = \sum_A / 2 \sum_A \quad \begin{matrix} \text{cov. fam.} \\ \text{of Lagn.} \end{matrix}$$

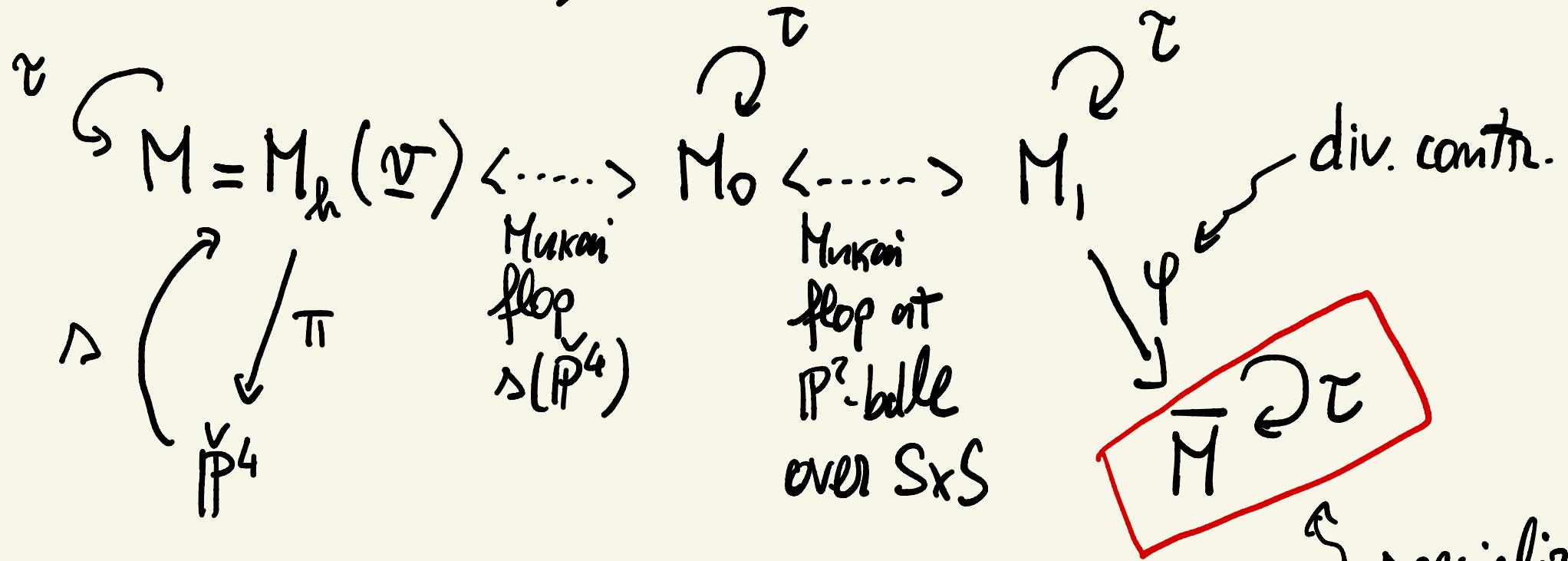
Recall: $(X, \lambda) \rightsquigarrow \text{Fix}(\tau)$

$\dim_{\mathbb{R}} g$ $\lambda^2 = 2$

Ex Y cubic \rightsquigarrow specialize to Y nodal

[C. Lehn] (S, h) S v.gen. K3 surface
 $h^2 = 6$

$$\underline{\Sigma} = (0, h, -3)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Fix}(\mathcal{C}) &= D(\mathbb{P}^4) \sqcup \tilde{Y} \\
 &\text{st. } L_C \text{ on } C \in h \\
 &\text{st. } L_C^2 \cong \mathcal{O}_C
 \end{aligned}$$

specializ.
of LLSvS
8 fold.

e.g. $\Delta(\check{P}^4)$:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \check{P}^4 & \longleftrightarrow & P^4 & \xleftarrow{\text{Bl}_{S_1} P^4} & \bar{Y} \\ u & & & & \downarrow \\ S & & Q & \xrightarrow{\quad} & p \end{array}$$

modak
ambic

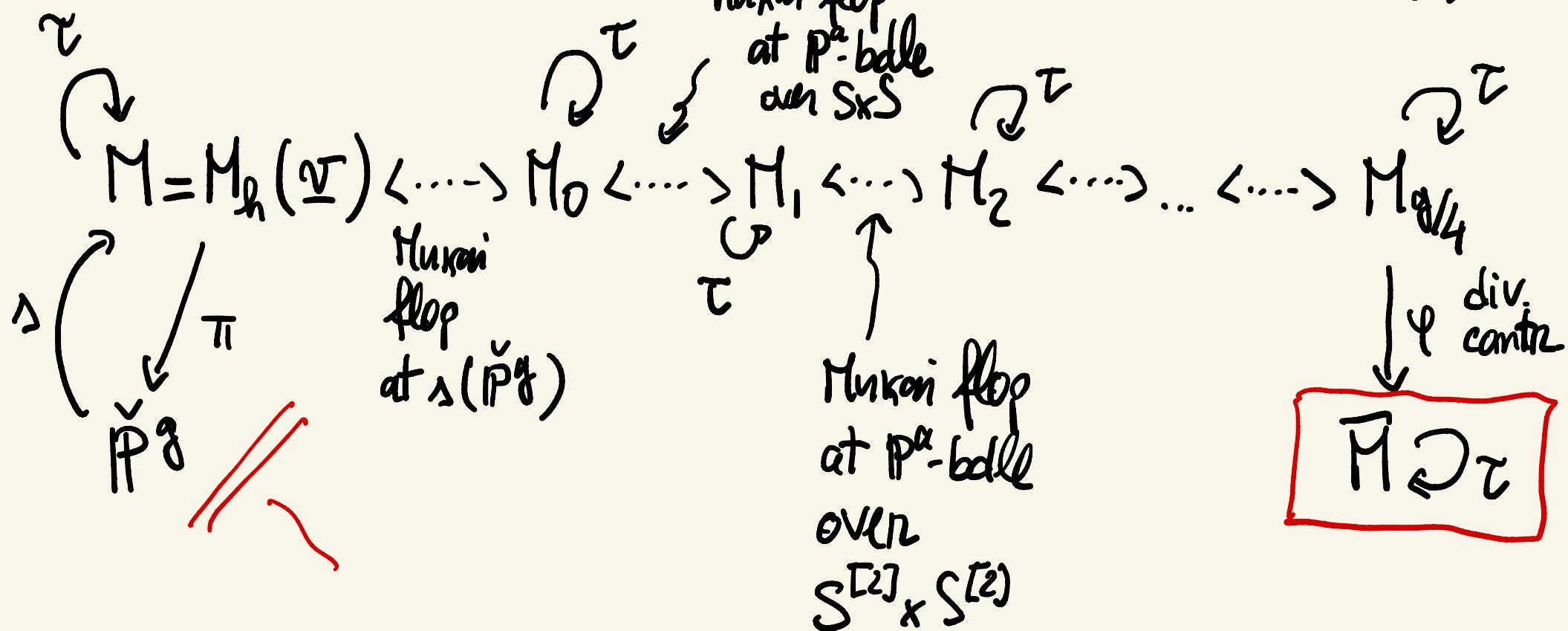
In general: (S, h)

$$\underline{\Sigma} = (0, h, -m)$$

S K_3 surface

$$h^2 = 2m \quad g = m+1$$

$$(\operatorname{div}(\lambda)=2 \rightarrow 4 \mid g)$$



For Fano component:

$$\check{P}^g \dashrightarrow P^g \leftarrow \text{Bl}_S P^g = Y_0 \dashrightarrow Y_1 \dashrightarrow Y_2 \dashrightarrow \dots \dashrightarrow Y_{n/4}$$

↓
anti flip
at
 $S^{[2]}$

specialization of
Fano component.

$g=8:$

$$\check{\mathbb{P}}^8 \dashrightarrow \mathbb{P}^8 \leftarrow Bl_S \mathbb{P}^8 \longleftrightarrow Y_1 \supseteq E$$

↑
stand. antiflip
at $S^{[2]}$

$$Y \supseteq Z$$

↓
 $LGr(2,4)$

↑
cubic 4
fold of
discriminant
14

Thm $g=8$

Hodge numbers of Y are:

$$\begin{matrix} & & & & 1 & \\ & & & & | & h^{1,1} \\ & & & & 1 & \\ & & & 1 & 21 & 1 \\ & & & | & & | \\ & & 1 & 23 & 1 & \\ & & | & & & \\ & 1 & 22 & 253 & 22 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$D^b Y = \left\langle D^b(S^{[2]}), D^b S, D^b S, D^b S, \mathcal{O}_Y, \mathcal{O}_Y(1), \mathcal{O}_Y(2) \right\rangle$$
$$\mathcal{D}^{[2S]} \quad \mathcal{D} \quad \mathcal{D} \quad \mathcal{D}$$

If $\sigma \in \text{Stab}(\varnothing)$

$$(F, h) \cong (M_{\sigma(\lambda)}, \ell_\sigma)$$

$$(X, \lambda) \cong (N_{\sigma(\mu)}, \ell_\sigma)$$