

Group approximation in

Cayley topology &

Coarse geometry, "FCE" <sup>(CHEN)</sup>  
<sub>(WANG)</sub>  
<sub>YU</sub>

Part II: Fibered coarse embedding

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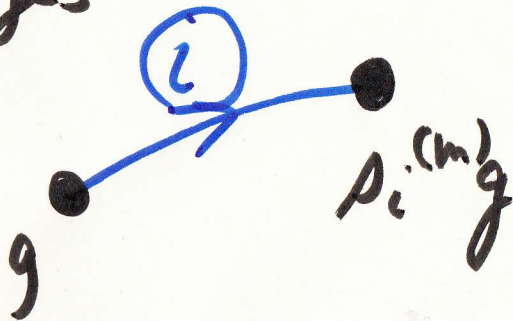
Setting:  $(k \geq 1)$  fixed

$\Gamma_m = (G_m, S_m)$ : finite  $k$ -marked grp

(  
• ~~~~ = " $|G_m| < \infty$ "  
• == = " $S_m = (s_1^{(m)}, \dots, s_k^{(m)})$ ,  $\langle S_m \cup S_m^{-1} \rangle = G_m$ "  
)

$\rightsquigarrow$  Cay  $\Gamma_m$ : Cayley diagram  
(with graph metric)

vertices =  $G_m$   
edges



$\rightsquigarrow$   $X = \bigsqcup_{m \geq 1} \text{Cay } \Gamma_m$   $\iff \infty$  metric space



# Our philosophy

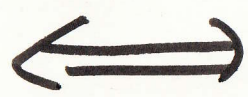
Coarse property  
of  $X = \bigsqcup_m \text{Cay} \Gamma_m$

group property  
of  $\text{Cay} \Gamma_m$



e.g.

$A$



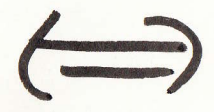
amenable

$\xleftrightarrow{\text{FCE}}$  Hilb



uniformly  
a-T-menable

geom. (T)



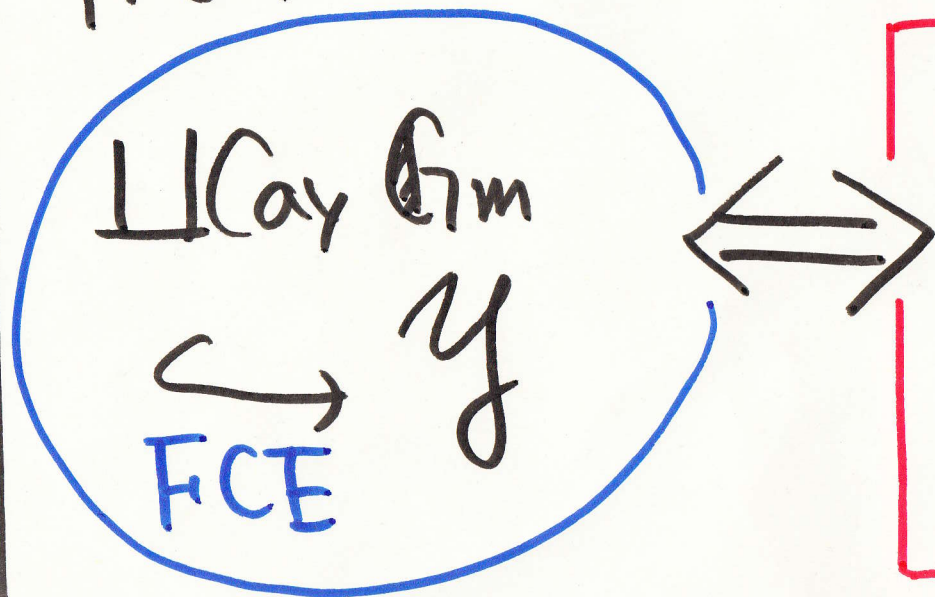
(T)

Today

# Main Thm (M. - SAKO)

$\{ \Gamma_m \mid m \subseteq \mathcal{Y}(k) \}$  finite marked grp  
 $\mathcal{Y}$  stable under  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} - \text{(continuum) } L^p\text{-sum} \\ \text{for } \exists p \in [1, \infty) \\ - \text{scaling limit} \end{array} \right.$

Then.



$\partial_{\text{Cay}} \Gamma_m$  is  
uniformly  
 $\alpha$ -F $\mathcal{Y}$ -menable



$\mathcal{Y}$ : class of metric space

(  $\text{Hilb} = \{ \text{Hilb sp} \}$  )

Def  $X \xrightarrow{\text{CE}} \mathcal{Y}$  (Coarse Embedding)

$\Leftrightarrow \exists Y \in \mathcal{Y}, \exists f: X \rightarrow Y, \exists \rho: \mathbb{R}_+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$   
( $\nearrow \infty$ )  
s.t.  $\forall u, v \in X$   
 $\rho(d_X(u, v)) \leq d_Y(f(u), f(v)) \leq d_X(u, v)$

Fact:  $\coprod_m \Gamma_m$  expanders  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cdot \text{deg } \Gamma_m \equiv d \text{ (uniformly)} \\ \cdot |\Gamma_m| \rightarrow \infty \\ \cdot \lambda_1(\Gamma_m) > \exists \epsilon > 0 \end{array} \right.$

$\Rightarrow \coprod_m \Gamma_m \xrightarrow{\text{CE}} \text{Hilb}$

ex of expanders  $\swarrow$   $SL_2\mathbb{Z}$

$$(F_2; \text{standard}) = (F_2; \underbrace{\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)}$$

For  $p$ : large prime,

$$(F_2; \text{standard}) \rightarrow \mathbb{H}_p := (SL_2(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}); \underbrace{\quad}_{(\text{mod } p)})$$

Fact:  $\underbrace{\coprod_{p: \text{ large prime}} \mathbb{H}_p}_{\uparrow}$  is expanders

one example of  $\square F_2$  ("box space")



FCE "=" weak form of CE

Thm (CHEN-WANG-WANG '13)

$\square G \xrightarrow{\text{FCE}} \text{Hilb} \iff G \text{ a T-menable}$

Thm (CHEN-WANG-YU '13)

$X \xrightarrow{\text{FCE}} \text{Hilb} \Rightarrow$  the maximal coarse  
BAUM-CONNES conj  
true for  $X$ !

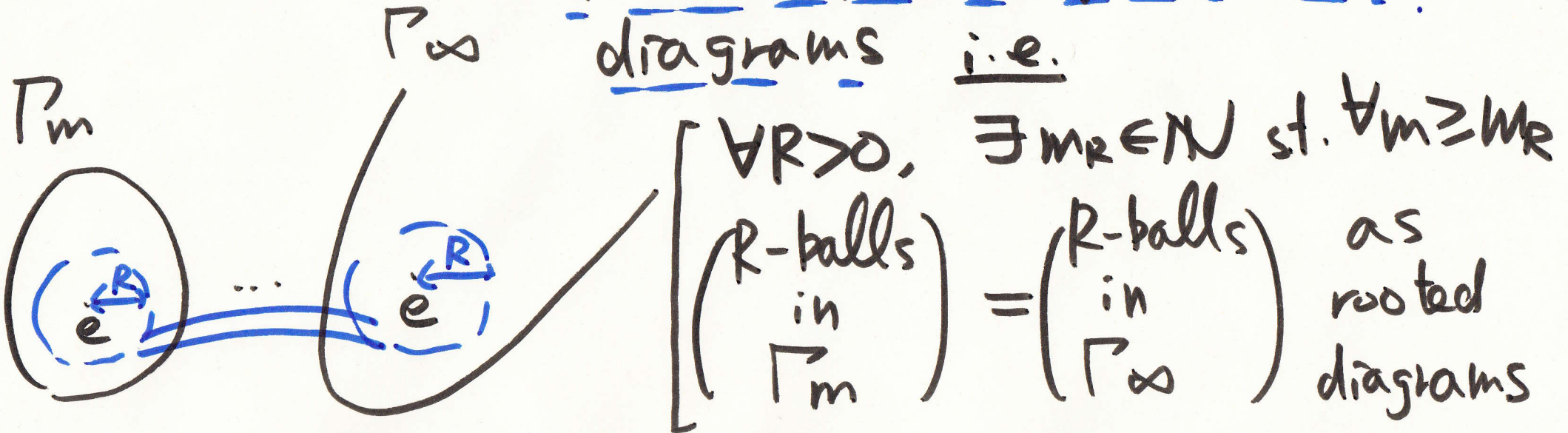
# The space of $k$ -marked groups (GRIGORCHUK)

$$\mathcal{G}(k) := \{k\text{-mark group}\}$$

\* topology?: **CAYLEY topology** (CPT & metrizable)

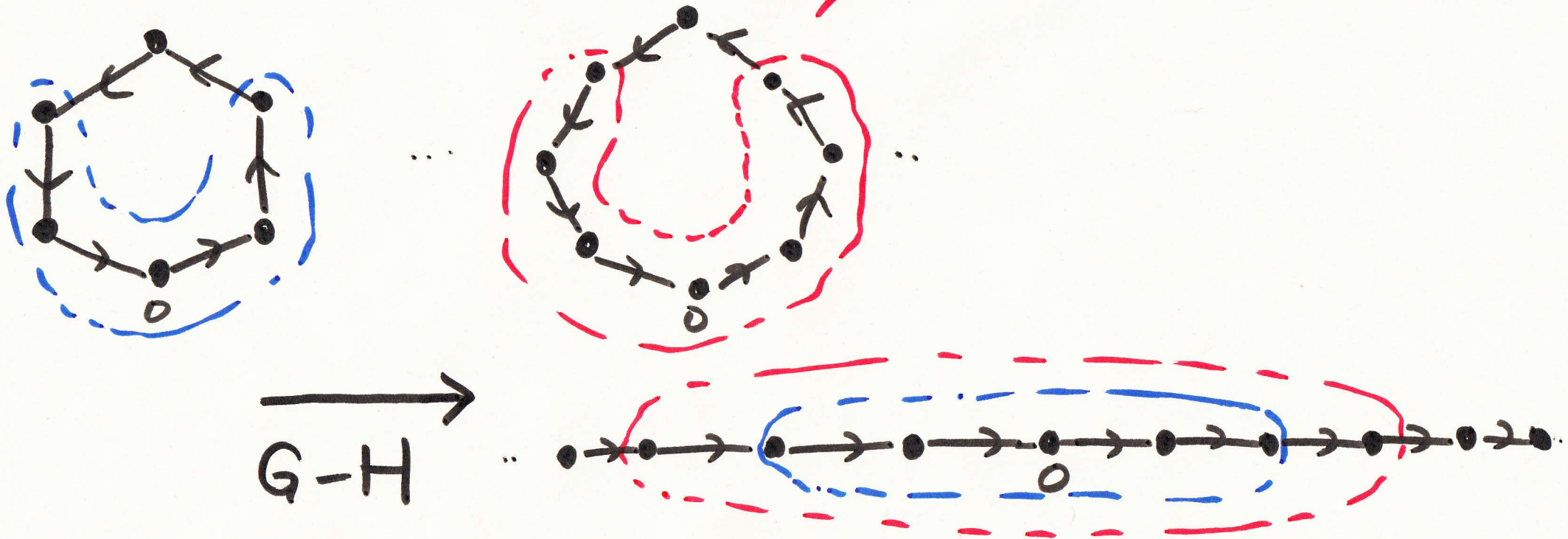
$$\mathbb{G}_m \xrightarrow{\text{Cay}} \mathbb{G}_\infty \iff \text{Cay } \mathbb{G}_m \xrightarrow{\text{GH}} \text{Cay } \mathbb{G}_\infty$$

GROMOV-Hausdorff conv. of diagrams i.e.





Ex •  $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}; 1) \xrightarrow{\text{Cay}} (\mathbb{Z}; 1) \text{ in } \mathcal{G}(1)$



•  $\mathbb{H}_p (= (SL_2(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}); \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \pmod{p})) \xrightarrow{\text{Cay}} \mathbb{H}_\infty \text{ in } \mathcal{G}(2)$   
 (in general, groups in  $\mathbb{H}$   $\xrightarrow{\text{Cay}}$   $\mathbb{H}$ )  
 (F<sub>2</sub>; "standard")  
 (F<sub>2</sub>;  $(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix})$ )

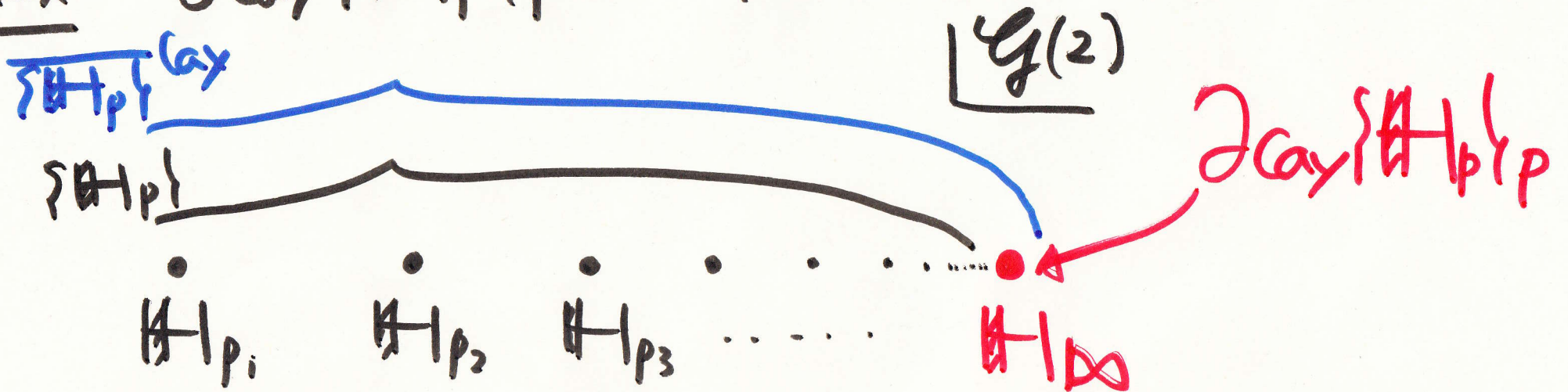
$\{G_m\}_{m \geq 1} \subseteq \mathcal{G}(k)$  a seq of finite  $k$ -marked groups

Def

$$\partial_{\text{Cay}} \{G_m\}_m := \overline{\{G_m\}_m^{\text{Cay}}} \setminus \{G_m\}_m \subset \text{CPT set}$$

= "CAYLEY boundary"

Ex  $\partial_{\text{Cay}} \{H_p\}_p = \{H_\infty\} (= \{(\mathbb{F}_2; \text{standard})\})$

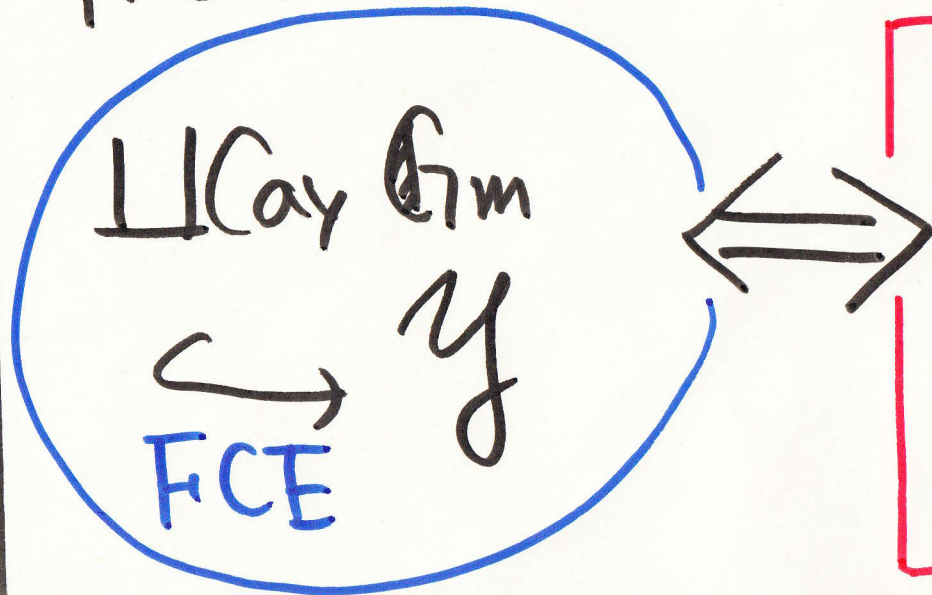




# Main Thm (M. - SAKO)

$\{G_m\}_m \subseteq \mathcal{Y}(k)$  finite marked grp  
 $\mathcal{Y}$  stable under  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} - \text{(continuum) } L^p\text{-sum} \\ \text{for } \exists p \in [1, \infty) \\ - \text{scaling limit} \end{array} \right.$

Then.



$\mathcal{I}_{\text{Cay}}\{G_m\}$  is  
uniformly  
 $\alpha$ -F $\mathcal{Y}$ -menable

# Applications

① MT applies to:

\*  $\mathcal{Y} = \text{Hilb}$  ( $p=2$ )

\*  $\mathcal{Y} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L^p\text{-sp over} \\ \text{any measure sp} \end{array} \right\}$  for fixed  $p \in [1, \infty)$   
( $p=p$ )

\* For fixed  $\epsilon \in [0, 1]$ ,  
 $\mathcal{Y} = \mathcal{CAT}(\mathcal{O})_{\leq \epsilon} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{CAT}(\mathcal{O}) \text{ sp's} \\ \text{with } \delta \leq \epsilon \end{array} \right\}$   
IZEKI-NAYATANI inv.

Rem Hilb, trees, Hadamard mfd's  $\in \mathcal{CAT}(\mathcal{O})_{\leq 0}$



(2)  $\rightsquigarrow$  recovers C-W-W.

(3) Example of expanders s.t.  $\frac{\chi(\Gamma)}{|\Gamma|} \rightarrow 1$   
~~FICE~~

(Recall  $\mathcal{G}(2)$ )  
 $\mathbb{H}_p := (SL_2(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}); \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \pmod{p})_p$  for large prime

$p_1 < p_2 < \dots$  large prime.

$m$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11...
$a_m$	1	1	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	1...
$b_m$	1	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5...

Set  $\mathbb{H}_m := \mathbb{H}_{p_{a_m}} \times \mathbb{H}_{p_{b_m}} \in \mathcal{G}(4)$

a \ b	1	2	3	4	5	6	...
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	...
2	.	.	.	.	.	.	...
3	.	.	.	.	.	.	...
4	.	.	.	.	.	.	...
...	.	.	.	.	.	.	...

( $\mathbb{H}^1_\infty$   
=  $(F_2; \text{standard})$ )

$\mathbb{H}^1_{p_1} \times \mathbb{H}^1_\infty$     $\mathbb{H}^1_{p_2} \times \mathbb{H}^1_\infty$    ...    $\mathbb{H}^1_\infty \times \mathbb{H}^1_\infty$

$\hookrightarrow \mathcal{Cay}(\mathbb{E}_m) = \{ \mathbb{H}^1_{p_i} \times \mathbb{H}^1_\infty \mid 1 \leq i \leq \infty (p_{\infty} = \infty) \}$

$\hookrightarrow \star$  By MT,  $\prod_m \mathbb{E}_m \xrightarrow[\text{FACE}]{} \text{CAT}(0) < 1$

$(\odot) \prod_p \mathbb{H}^1_p \text{ expanders and } \xrightarrow[\text{CE}]{} \text{CAT}(0) < 1$



★ However,  $\exists Y$  CAT(0) sp with  $\delta=1$

s.t.  $\coprod_m \mathbb{E}_m \xrightarrow{\text{bi-Lip}} Y$

(☺)  $\{H_p\}_p$  has large girth & [KONDO]

④ Answer to Q: Is " $\xrightarrow{\text{FCE}} \text{Hilb}$ "  
stable under finite product?

A. **NO.**

(☺)  $\left( \coprod_m \mathbb{E}_m \xrightarrow{\text{bi-Lip}} \left( \coprod_p \mathbb{H}_p \right) \times \left( \coprod_p \mathbb{H}_p \right) \right)$

射身之射