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**Questions to practice before the third test**


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Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{16}$  be an i.i.d. sample of size  $n = 16$  generated by a one-parameter probability distribution  $P_\theta$ .  $\theta$  is the parameter of interest. Notation :  $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ .

1. Find a 95% confidence interval for  $\theta$  in the following models (*justify* the formula) :

- (a)  $P_\theta = \text{Bernoulli}(\theta)$ ,  $\theta \in [0, 1]$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = \bar{X}$ ; observed value of  $\bar{X} = 0.72$ .
- (b)  $P_\theta = \text{Poisson}(\theta)$ ,  $\theta = \mathbb{E}(X_i) > 0$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = \bar{X}$ ; observed value of  $\bar{X} = 2.5$
- (c)  $P_\theta = \text{Uniform}(0, \theta)$ ,  $\theta > 0$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = 2\bar{X}$ ; observed value of  $\bar{X} = 1.25$
- (d)  $P_\theta = \text{Normal } \mathcal{N}(\theta, 1)$ ,  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = \bar{X}$ ; observed value of  $\bar{X} = 2.5$ .
- (e)  $P_\theta = \text{Exponential}(\theta)$ ,  $\theta = \mathbb{E}(X_i) > 0$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = \bar{X}$ ; observed value of  $\bar{X} = 2.5$ .
- (f)  $P_\theta = \text{Normal } \mathcal{N}(0, \theta)$ ,  $\theta > 0$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$ ; observed value of  $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 = 27.1$ .
- (g)  $P_\theta = \text{Normal } \mathcal{N}(\theta, \sigma^2)$ ,  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma^2 > 0$ ;  $\hat{\theta} = \bar{X}$ ; observed value of  $\bar{X} = 2.5$ , observed value of  $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 = 9.7$ .

2. Give the (pivotal) test statistic for testing  $H_0 : \theta = 2$  versus  $H_1 : \theta > 2$  in the models of Question 1.(b)(d)(e)(g).

Compute the p-value of the tests.

What do you change if  $H_1 : \theta < 2$  or  $H_1 : \theta \neq 2$ ?

3. Suppose that  $P_\theta = \mathcal{N}(\theta, 1)$ . Consider testing  $H_0 : \theta = 0$  versus  $H_1 : \theta = 1$ . Let the rejection region be  $\mathcal{R} = \{\bar{X} > c\}$

- Show that the critical value  $c$  of the test of level 5% is  $c = 0.41$ .
- Show that the type II error of the test of level 5% is 0.9%.

4. Suppose that  $P_\theta$  is the Bernoulli distribution.

Consider the test that rejects  $H_0 : \theta = 0.5$  in favor of  $H_1 : \theta = 0.6$  if  $\{(\bar{X} - 1/2) > 1/10\}$ .

What is the (approximate) level of this test? (*Answer : 21%*)

What is the type II error value? (*Answer : 50%*)